



according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

DA-3500

Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 03.04.2025

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

trade name DA-3500

Registration number (REACH) not relevant (mixture)

Alternative name(s) Vinyl Acetate-Ethylene Redispersible Powder

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

relevant identified uses Industrial use

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

CB Chemie GmbH Zukunftsweg 4 7011 Siegendorf Austria

Telephone: +43 2686 24909 e-mail: office@cbchemie.at Website: www.cbchemie.at

e-mail (competent person) office@cbchemie.at (Dr. Christian Braunshier)

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Poison centre			
Country	Name	Postal code/city	Telephone
Austria	Vergiftungsinformationszentrale	Wien	+43 1 406 43 43

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

# Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and cat- egory	Hazard statement
4.1C	hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	3	Aquatic Chronic 3	H412

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

# The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Spillage and fire water can cause pollution of watercourses.

### 2.2 Label elements

# Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)

Signal word not required Pictograms not required

**Hazard statements** 

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant.

# 2.3 Other hazards

Dust explosion hazards.

Austria: en Page: 1 / 10



Date of compilation: 03.04.2025

### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.

### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

Version number: GHS 1.0

Not relevant (mixture)

### 3.2 Mixtures

### Description of the mixture

Does not contain any other ingredients which are classified and contribute to the classification of the substance and which should be indicated in this section, according to current knowledge of the supplier.

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms
Methyl laurate	CAS No 111-82-0 EC No 203-911-3 REACH Reg. No 01-2119487989-06-xxxx	2 – 10	Aquatic Acute 1 / H400 Aquatic Chronic 2 / H411	***
Triethoxyoctylsilane	CAS No 2943-75-1 EC No 220-941-2 REACH Reg. No 01-2119972313-39-xxxx	1-3	Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Aquatic Chronic 2 / H411	<b>(!) (¥</b> 2)

Name of substance	Specific Conc. Limits	M-Factors	ATE	Exposure route
Methyl laurate	-	-	>5 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h	inhalation: dust/mist

### Remarks

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1 Description of first aid measures

### General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

### Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. Provide fresh air.

### Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

# Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

### Following ingestion

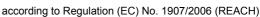
Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

Austria: en Page: 2 / 10







Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 03.04.2025

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# 5.1 Extinguishing media

# Suitable extinguishing media

Water mist, Foam, ABC-powder

### Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

# 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Danger of dust explosion.

#### Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

### For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

### For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases.

# 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

# 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

### Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains, Take up mechanically

# Advice on how to clean up a spill

Take up mechanically.

# Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

### Recommendations

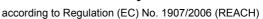
# Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Only vacuum cleaners containing no ignition sources may be used for combustible dusts. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

### Specific notes/details

Layers, deposits and heaps of combustible dust must be considered, like any other source which can form a hazardous explosive atmosphere. Danger of dust explosion.

Austria: en Page: 3 / 10





Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 03.04.2025

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

### Managing of associated risks

### **Explosive atmospheres**

Removal of dust deposits. Only vacuum cleaners containing no ignition sources may be used for combustible dusts.

### Ventilation requirements

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

# Storage class (LGK) TRGS 510

LGK 13 (non-combustible solids)

# 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

# 8.1 Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

this information is not available

Relevant DNELs of components						
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
Triethoxyoctylsilane	2943-75-1	DNEL	17,6 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
Triethoxyoctylsilane	2943-75-1	DNEL	2,5 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

Relevant PNECs of components						
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
Methyl laurate	111-82-0	PNEC	0,001 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
Methyl laurate	111-82-0	PNEC	0 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
Methyl laurate	111-82-0	PNEC	100 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
Methyl laurate	111-82-0	PNEC	0,011 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)
Methyl laurate	111-82-0	PNEC	0,001 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)
Methyl laurate	111-82-0	PNEC	10 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)

### 8.2 Exposure controls

# Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Austria: en Page: 4 / 10

# Safety Data Sheet





DA-3500

Date of compilation: 03.04.2025

### Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)



Version number: GHS 1.0





# Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

### Skin protection

### Hand protection

Wear protective gloves.

# Type of material

FKM: fluoro-elastomer

### Breakthrough times of the glove material

>120 minutes (permeation: level 4)

### Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

### Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

#### Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

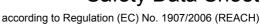
Physical state	solid (granulate)
Colour	White to light beige
Odour	no odour is perceptible
Melting point/freezing point	not determined
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	not determined
Flammability	non-combustible
Lower and upper explosion limit	10 g/m³
Flash point	not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	140 °C
Decomposition temperature	350 °C
pH (value)	not applicable
Kinematic viscosity	not relevant

# Solubility(ies)

Water solubility	Dispersible
------------------	-------------

Austria: en Page: 5 / 10







Date of compilation: 03.04.2025

### Partition coefficient

Version number: GHS 1.0

n-Octanol/water (log KOW)	this information is not available
Vapour pressure	not determined

### Density and/or relative density

Density	not determined
Relative vapour density	not relevant (solid)

Particle characteristics	no data available

### 9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes	hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards): not relevant
Other safety characteristics	there is no additional information

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials".

# 10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

# 10.4 Conditions to avoid

There are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.

# 10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidisers

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

# Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

### Classification according to GHS (1272/2008/EC, CLP)

### Acute toxicity

The classification criteria for these hazard classes are not met.

Austria: en Page: 6 / 10



Date of compilation: 03.04.2025

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components				
Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE	
Methyl laurate	111-82-0	inhalation: dust/mist	>5 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h	

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Version number: GHS 1.0

The classification criteria for this hazard class are not met.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

The classification criteria for this hazard class are not met.

### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

The classification criteria for these hazard classes are not met.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

The classification criteria for this hazard class are not met.

### Carcinogenicity

The classification criteria for this hazard class are not met.

### Reproductive toxicity

The classification criteria for this hazard class are not met.

### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

The classification criteria for this hazard class are not met.

### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

The classification criteria for this hazard class are not met.

### Aspiration hazard

The classification criteria for this hazard class are not met.

### 11.2 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# 12.1 Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components					
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Methyl laurate	111-82-0	EC50	0,324 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	72 h
Triethoxyoctylsilane	2943-75-1	EC50	>1.000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	microorganisms	3 h

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Degradability of co	Degradability of components					
Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Process	Degradation rate	Time	Method	Source
Methyl laurate	111-82-0	oxygen depletion	78 %	28 d		ECHA
Triethoxyoctylsil- ane	2943-75-1	oxygen depletion	31,5 %	28 d		ECHA
Triethoxyoctylsil- ane	2943-75-1	carbon dioxide generation	18,7 %	29 d		ECHA

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

Austria: en Page: 7 / 10



Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 03.04.2025

Bioaccumulative potential of components					
Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD	
Methyl laurate	111-82-0		5,41 (36 °C)		
Triethoxyoctylsilane	2943-75-1	1.670	6,41		

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of ≥ 0.1%.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of ≥ 0,1%.

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

### Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

# Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

### Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

# 14.1 UN number or ID number

Not subject to transport regulations

### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

Not relevant.

# 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Class:

Subsidiary risk(s):

# 14.4 Packing group

not relevant

# 14.5 Environmental hazards

Non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations.

# 14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

# 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

### Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

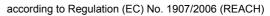
# Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN)

Not subject to ADR, RID and ADN.

## International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)

Not subject to IMDG.

Austria: en Page: 8 / 10





Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 03.04.2025

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR)

Not subject to ICAO-IATA.

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Relevant provisions of the European Union (EU)

Restrictions according to REACH, Annex XVII

Dangerous substances with restrictions (REACH, Annex XVII)		
Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	No
Methyl laurate	this product meets the criteria for classification in accordance with Regulation No 1272/2008/EC	3
Triethoxyoctylsilane	this product meets the criteria for classification in accordance with Regulation No 1272/2008/EC	3

# Regulation on persistent organic pollutants (POP)

none of the ingredients are listed

National regulations (Austria)

Ordinance on combustible liquids (VbF)

not applicable (physical state: not liquid)

# 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

# Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
ADN	Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par voies de navigation in- térieures (European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Water- ways)
ADR	Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
Aquatic Acute	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard
Aquatic Chronic	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
BOD	Biochemical Oxygen Demand
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
CLP	Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures
COD	Chemical oxygen demand
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EC No	The EC Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS and the NLP-list) is the source for the seven-digit EC number, an identifier of substances commercially available within the EU (European Union)
ED	Endocrine disruptor

Austria: en Page: 9 / 10



Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 03.04.2025

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
index No	The Index number is the identification code given to the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
LGK	Lagerklasse (storage class according to TRGS 510, Germany)
log KOW	n-Octanol/water
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
RID	Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire des marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by Rail)
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin
TRGS	Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (technical rules for hazardous substances, Germany)
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

### Key literature references and sources for data

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures. Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), amended by 2020/878/EU.

Transport of dangerous goods by road, rail and inland waterway (ADR/RID/ADN). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

### Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture.

Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

Austria: en Page: 10 / 10